KIT PRODUCT CATALOG

Osstem Implant 2014-15 Comprehensive Catalog

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 Supervision
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 Production/Distribution
 Marketing & Planning Team

 Date of Publication
 2014.

 Publisher
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OO3 INTRODUCTIONO12 CONTENTSO28 OSSTEM KITO94 REFERENCE

CEO'S Message

"Osstem - Future Technology and Superior Quality"

Products that dentists can trust. That is the mission of **Osstem Implant.**

> We deeply appreciate all of our customers who use our products. With population aging, rising incomes, and increased interest in health and aesthetics, implants have become an essential treatment in dentistry around the world.

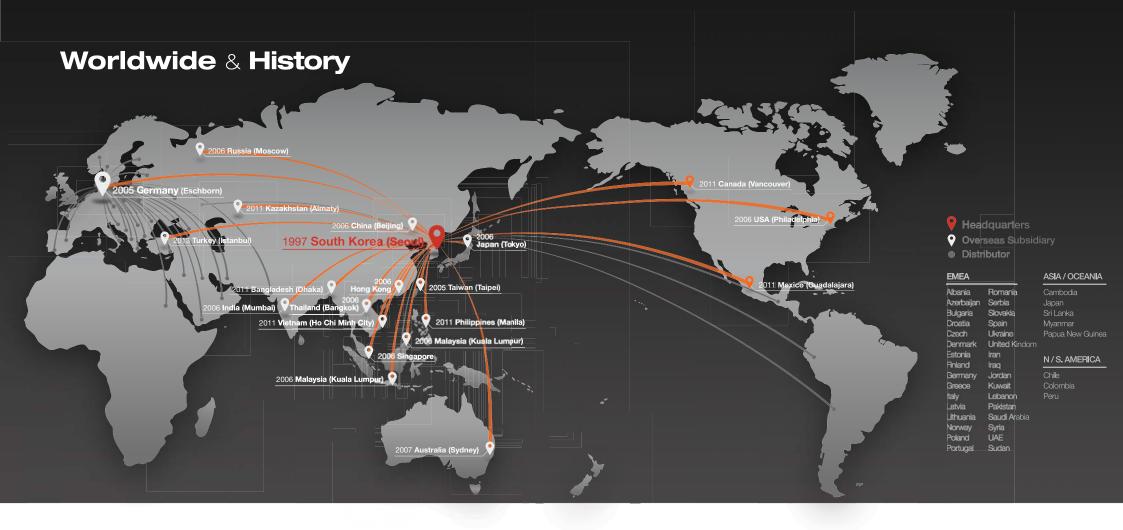
We deeply appreciate all of our customers who use our products.

Today, implants are well-known as a safe and effective treatment option, and the leading treatment option for patients with no teeth. To satisfy this global trend, Osstem has invested heavily in R&D and continuously promotes innovative products, resulting in it becoming a global leader in technology and product quality.

Osstem is releasing new products including TSIII CA, TSIII BA, SSIII HA, and MS SA, and is strengthening its product line-up in order to enable application in a variety of clinical cases. Other products to be released that will enable safe, easy implant procedures include SMARTbuilder, AutoBone collector, 123 KIT, and ESSET KIT. TSIII CA in particular is expected to become a leading product in the global implant market after launching as a groundbreaking product with superior hydrophilic properties capable of at least 30% greater fusion than ordinary SA products due to its calcium ion solution encapsulation. Also, to improve our customers' convenience and foster reasonable purchasing, we have opened an online store, DenALL (www.denall.com), where dentistry materials can be purchased affordably and conveniently. Osstem leads the way in superior product quality and exports to over 50 countries including the USA, China, Japan, Germany, and India, and is the first company in Korea to record implant sales of over 30 million products and overseas subsidiary sales of over 100 billion won.

Osstem Implant CEO Gyu-ok Choi (DDS, Ph.D)

Chorlepuol



1997

01 OSSTEM Co., Ltd. Founded 12 Launched "Doobunae" (health insurance claiming software)

2000

06 Launched "Hanaro" (dentistry management software)

10 Acquired Korean company Sumin Comprehensive Dental Materials

2001

01 Obtained CE-0434 03 Changed company name to 02 Listed on KOSDAQ certification Osstem Implant Co., Ltd. 03 Established AIC 04 Obtained GOST-R certification in Russia Training Center 12 Established the first

incorporation stage of overseas subsidiaries in 12 countries

2006

01 Established Osstem Implant Research Center 08 Obtained US FDA certification Launched USII implant 10 Launched SSII implant

2002

2007

stock exchange and began trading 06 Obtained GOST-R certification in Russia 12 Selected nextgeneration products Obtained certification from Australia's Therapeutic Goods Administration

2008

01 Established Osstem's osteology research center 12 Selected as a National Strategic Leading Technology Company

2009

10 Obtained permission from Japan's Ministry of Health, Labor, and Welfare to produce and sell medical devices

03 Launched TSIII SA implant 06 Selected Osstem Implant Research Center as an ATC 06 Launched TSIII HA implant (Superior Technology 08 Selected as WPM Research Center) 07 Selected as a world champion business

software members

Biomedical National Policy Company 12 Exceeded 10,000 dentistry

2010

10 Obtained Health Canada certification 12 Launched K2 unit chair

2011

2014 Selected as "Global First-05 Selected as a WorldClass Class Product" 300 business

2013

01 Launched Osstem's

xenograft "A-Oss"

09 Launched K3 unit chair

champion business

10 Selected as a hidden

2012

06 Launched TSIII CA implant

07 Established Osstem Medical Equipment Research Center

OSSTEM[°] Implant Design feature

Osstem Implant,

the leader in popularizing implants in Korea! We stand out with our passion for strategic R&D and best products, creating globally trend-setting implants.



OSSTEM® SINGLASS Packaging Color Information for Each System

Submerged type implant with an Internal hex 11° taper connection structure

Connection type and color - Mini/Regular

- Highest initial stability in soft bone by using uppersection small thread
- Corkscrew thread & cutting edge
 Easy path adjustment through a superior self-threading
- effect - Acquires insertion torque with an increase in soft bone initial stability and without deviation according to the drill diameters
- The various body shape options are available according to the base and patient's clinical coordition
- to the bone and patient's clinical condition - TSII (straight body): Easily adjustable insertion depth - TSIII (1.5° taper body): Able to acquire the initial stability needed for immediate loading even in soft bone - TSIV (6° taper body): Able to acquire superior initial
- stability only in maxillary sinus and soft bone

Applied Surface - SA/CA/BA/HA

Non-submerged type implant with an Internal octa 8° taper connection structure based on one-time procedures

Connection type and color - Regular/Wide

- Corkscrew thread & cutting edge
 Easy path adjustment through a superior self-threading
 effect
- Acquires insertion torque with an increase in soft bone initial stability and without deviation according to the drill diameters
- The various body shape options are available according to the bone and patient's clinical condition
- SSII (straight body): Easily adjustable insertion depth
 SSIII (1.5° taper body): Able to acquire the initial stability needed for immediate loading even in soft bone
- Applied Surface SA/CA/HA

Submerged type implant with an external hex connection structure

Connection type and color
 - Mini/Regular/Wide/Wide PS

- Corkscrew thread & cutting edge
 Easy path adjustment through a superior self-threading
 effect
- Acquires insertion torque with an increase in soft bone initial stability and without deviation according to the drill diameters
- The various body shape options are available according to the bone and patient's clinical condition
- USII (straight body): Easily adjustable insertion depth USIII (1.5 $^\circ$ taper body): Able to acquire the initial stability
- needed for immediate loading even in soft bone - USIV (6° taper body): Able to acquire superior initial stability only in maxillary sinus and soft bone

· Applied Surface - SA

OSSTEM[°] Implant Surface feature

Osstem Implant provides world-class surface technologies in surface treatment, the core implant technology for fast and safe procedures

- Provides optimum surface through acid treatment
- Provides Ra 2.5–3.0 μm surface roughness However, upper section 0.5mm area is Ra 0.5–0.6 μm Achieved uniform micro-pit $1.3 \mu m$ in size
- 46% greater surface area compared to RBM

Bone reaction performance (in-vitro and in-vivo)

- 20% improvement in osteoblast separation and ossification compared to RBM

- Initial bone reaction performance in animal model (mini-pig)
- 48% improvement in initial stability (RT, 4 weeks) compared to RBM
 20% improvement in ossification (BIC, 4 weeks)
- compared to RBM

Superhydrophilic SA surface encapsulated in calcium solution

- Maintains optimum surface identical to SA surface
 Surface activity maximized after encapsulated in
- Surface activity maximized after encaps calcium (CaCl²) solution
- Increased ossification surface area through excellent blood wettability
 Improved bone reaction performance in the early
- osseointegration stage compared to SA surface

Bone reaction performance (in-vitro and in-vivo)

- 3x increase in protein, cell adhesion compared to SA - 19% increase in initial cell separation (7 days)
- compared to SA - 34% improvement in initial stability (RT, 2 weeks)
- compared to SA 26% improvement in ossification (BIC, 2 weeks)
- compared to SA

Surface coated with low crystalline Nano-HA in SA

- Ultra-thin film with HA coating and 10nm or lower thickness
- HA coating on SA surface (Ra 2.5~3.0 $\mu {\rm m}$
- Dual function of titanium and HA
- HA is naturally removed during ossification process

Bone reaction performance (in-vitro and in-vivo)

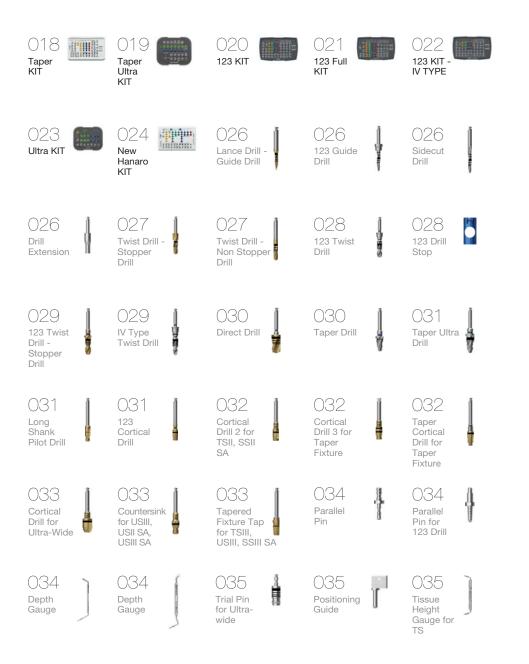
- Fused surface having advantages of both SA and HA
 Maintains advantage of SA optimum surface formation
 Superior early ossification of the HA in soft bone
- condition
- 30% improvement in ossification (BIC) compared to SA

Premium surface coated with high crystalline HA

- High crystalline HA coating 30~60 µm in thickness
- HA coating on RBM surface (Ra $3.0 3.5 \mu m$) - Achieved at least 98% HA high crystallization
- Solves problem of interbody fusion in low crystalline HA

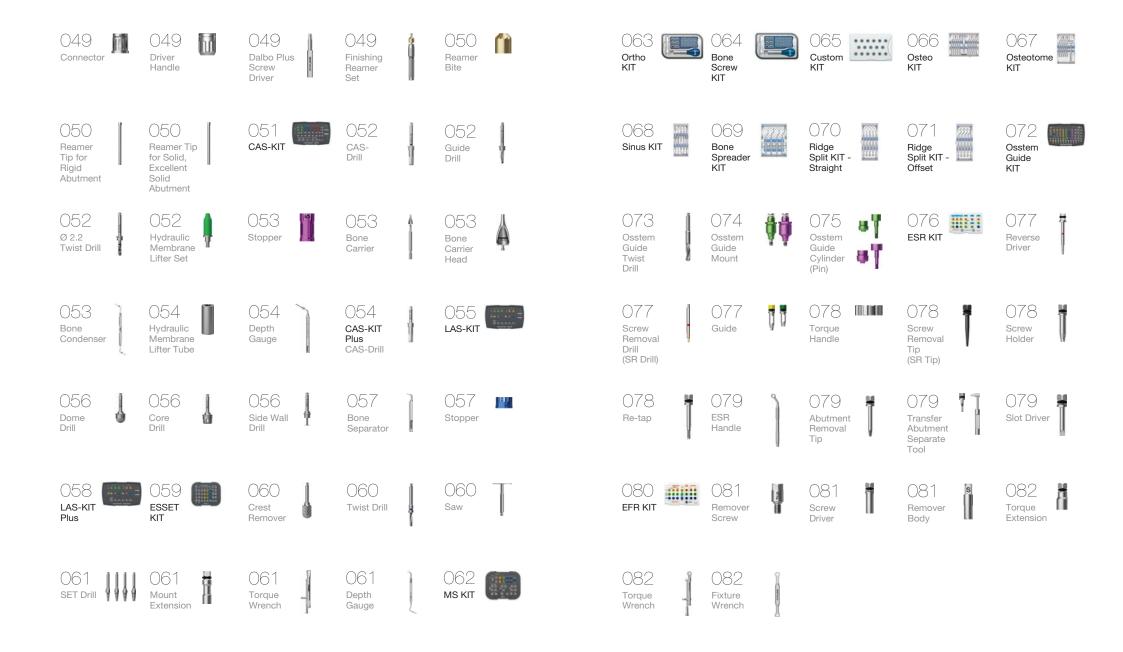
Bone reaction performance (in-vitro and in-vivo)

- Excellent biocompatibility in HA that is similar to bone
 2x improvement in osteoblast ossification (5 days) compared to SA
- 40% improvement in initial stability (RT, 4 weeks) in animal models compared to SA
- Suitable for weak bone tissue, or tooth extraction or implant insertion



035 Ratchet Wrench	C	036 L-Wrench	O36 Torque Wrench - Spring Type	O36 Torque Wrench - Bar Type	036 NoMount Driver for TS
037 NoMount Driver for SS		037 NoMount Driver for US	O37 NoMount Torque Driver for TS	O38 NoMount Torque Driver for SS	O38 Fixture Driver for TS
O38 Fixture Driver for SS		O38 Fixture Driver for US	039 Torque Extension	O39 Simple Mount Driver	O39 Simple Mount Extension
O39 Simple Open Wrench		O4O Removal Tool for Fixture Mount	O4O Tissue Punch	041 TS Bone Profiler	041 US Bone Profiler
042 Trephine Drill	ĺ	042 Bone Mill	042 Machine Driver Handle	O43 Prosthetic KIT	O44 TS Prosthetic KIT
045 Hand Driver	Ĩ	045 Machine Screw Driver	046 Torque Driver	046 O-ring Abutment Driver	O46 Rigid Outer Driver
047 Solid Abutment Driver		047 Excellent Solid Abutment Driver	O48 Octa Abutment Driver	048 osstem Torque Driver	048 Path Probe for TS

KIT Contents 2/2







 O18
 Taper KIT

 O19
 Taper Ultra KIT

 O20
 123 KIT

 O21
 123 Full KIT

 O22
 123 Full KIT

 O23
 Ultra KIT

 O24
 New Hanaro KIT

 O43
 Prosthetic KIT

 O44
 TS Prosthetic KIT

 O55
 CAS-KIT Plus

 O55
 LAS-KIT Plus

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 LAS-KIT Plus

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 062
 MS KIT

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 Ortho KIT

 064
 Bone Screw KIT

 065
 Custom KIT

 066
 Osteo KIT

 067
 Osteotome KIT

 068
 Sinus KIT

 069
 Bone Spreader KIT

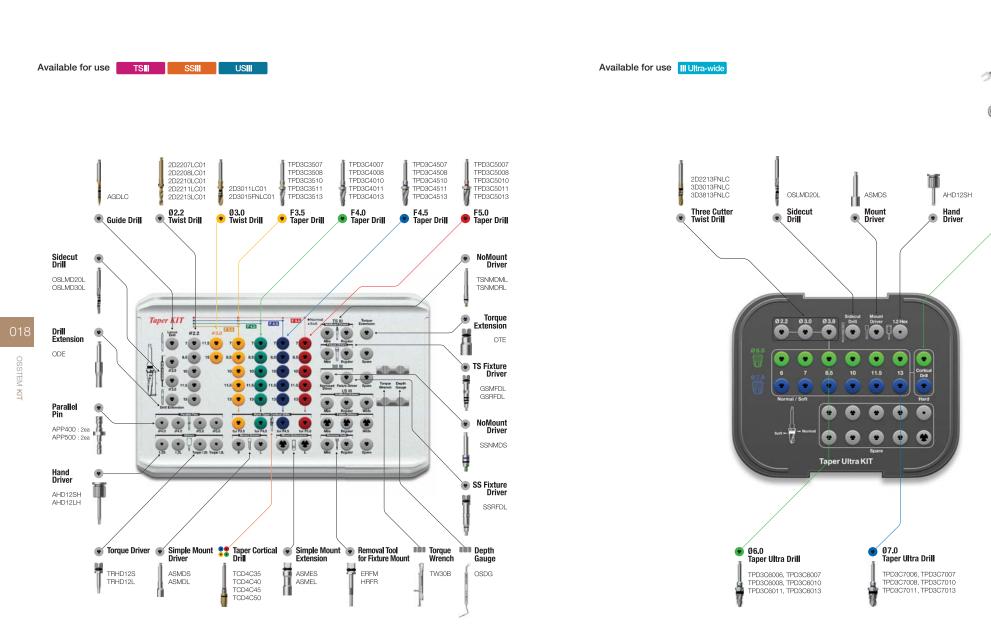
 071
 Ridge Split KIT - Straight

 072
 Osteom Guide KIT

 074
 ESR KIT

 075
 ESR KIT

Taper Ultra KIT (HULTPK)





Base component
Open Wrench
SPOW

CONTRA INFLANT

Ratchet Wrench RCWC

CD4C60

CD4C70

Cortical Drill

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Available for use TSIISA/IISA/IIHA

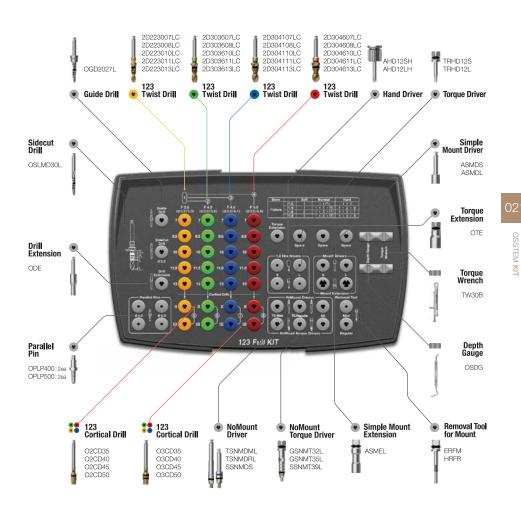
123 Full KIT (O123FK)

Available for use TSI SA/II SA/II HA

O2CD35 O3CD35 2D2230FNS 2D2230FNL ODST05, ODST06 02CD40 03CD40 2D3036FNS 2D3036FNL ODST07, ODST08 02CD45 03CD45 2D3041FNS 2D3041FNL ODST10, ODST11 OGD2027L O2CD50 O3CD50 2D3046FNS 2D3046FNL ODST13, ODST15 123 Cortical Drill 123 Cortical Drill 123 Twist Drill 🔹 Guide Drill 😰 Drill Stop Sidecut Drill . Depth . Gauge OSLMD30L OSDG Torque • Torque • • • Wrench • Extension 1.0 TW30B OSSTEM KIT OTE • 0 0 . 4 11 • . • • **•** 1 **1** -4b-Dri Removal -Extension -• • -. Too for Mount ODE 0 ERFM HRFR . ò **.** ë • 0 010 123 KIT Parallel NoMount Driver Pin OPLP400:2ea TSNMDML OPLP500:2ea TSNMDRL 99 SSNMDS Torque Driver Simple Mount Extension 🖝 Hand Simple Mount Fixture * 4 Driver Driver Driver ш AHD12SH TRHD12S ASMDS ASMEL GSMFDL AHD12LH TRHD12L ASMDL GSRFDL SSRFDL

SSI/IISA

USI/ISA

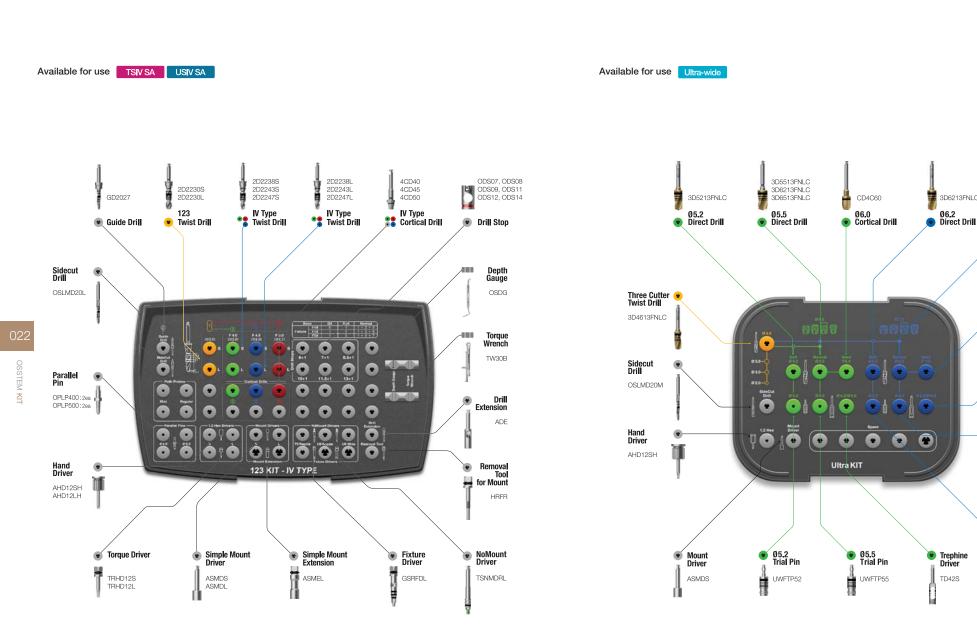


SSI SA/II SA

USISA/IISA

123 KIT - IV TYPE (04SK)

Ultra KIT (HULTRK)



Base component Open Wrench SPOW CALIFOR" IMPLANT

Ratchet Wrench RCWC OBTEN MITLANT

3D6513FNLC

Ø6.5 Direct Drill

Cortical Drill •

CD4C70

Trephine Drill

TD52S

Ø6.5 Trial Pin

UWFTP65

Ø6.2 Trial Pin

UWFTP62

川目

TD42S

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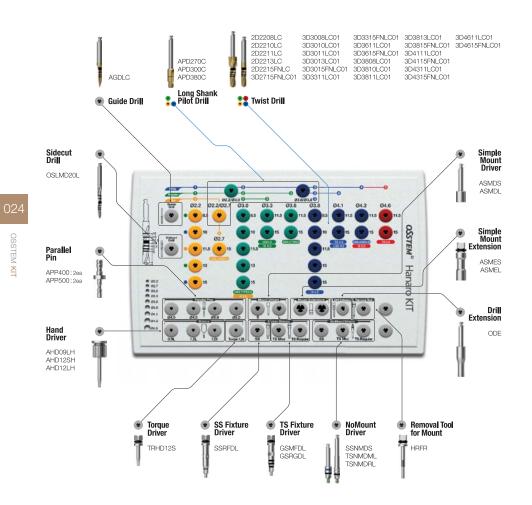
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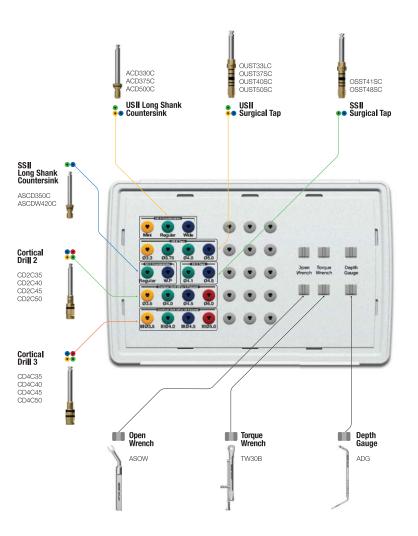
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3D6213FNLC

New Hanaro KIT (HKA2)

Available for use TSII / II SSII / III USII / III







OSSTEM KIT

· Correct the angle or position of the osteotomy cutting edge on its body · Used for removing furcation area of fresh extraction site

L D1/D2	Ø1.5/2.0	Ø2.0/2.5	Ø2.5/3.0	Ø3.0/3.5
13	OSLM DS	OSLMD20S	OSLMD25S	OSLMD30S
16.5	-	-	OSLMD25L	OSLMD 30L
20	OSLM DL	OSLMD20L	-	-

Drill Extension

- Tool used to extend the lengths of drills and other miscellaneous hand piece tools
- · Be cautious of bending or fracture if excessive force is applied
- Drill length is extended by 16.9mm with drill extension





L /_	IL D	ØZ.Z	03.0	03.3	03.0	03.0	Ø4.I	04.3	04.0
6.0	30.5	2D2206LC	3D3006LC	-	-	3D3806LC	-	-	-
7.0	31.5	2D22 07LC	3D3007LC01	-	-	3D3807LC01	-	-	-
8.5	33	2D2208LC	3D3008LC01	-	-	3D3808LC01	-	-	-
10.0	34.5	2D2210LC	3D3010LC01	-	-	3D3810LC01	-	-	-
11.5	34.5	2D22 11LC	3D3011LC01	3D3311LC01	3D3611LC01	3D3811LC01	3D41 11LC01	3D43 11LC01	3D46 11LC01
13.0	36	2D2213LC	3D3013LC01	-	-	3D3813LC01	-	-	-
Y-Din	n.	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

Twist Drill - Non Stopper Drill

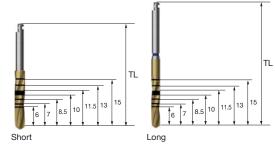
33.4

13

D2 -

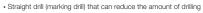
D1 -

· A drill that can be used when stopper drill's accessibility in the oral cavity is limited Marking drill with short and long specifications Refer to the image of non stopper drill for marking measurements

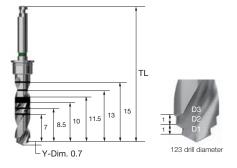


TL\D	Ø1.5	ø2.0	Ø2.2	Ø2.7	Ø3.0	Ø3.3
33	2D15 18FNLC	2D2018FNLC	2D2218FNLC	3D2718FNLC	3D3018FNLC	3D3318FNLC
41	-	-	2D2215FNLC	3D2715FNLC01	3D3015FNLC01	3D3315FNLC01
ті 🔪 р	Ø3.6	Ø3.8	Ø4.1	Ø4.3	Ø4.6	
TL <u>D</u> 33	Ø3.6	Ø3.8	Ø4.1 3D4118FNLC	Ø4.3 3D4318FNLC	Ø4.6 3D4618FNLC	

123 Twist Drill



- Color coded with corresponding fixture sizes
- · Easy to adjust the depth of drilling with drill stopper
- Designed to be used with drill stopper
- F = Fixture



	D1/D2/D3					
TL	F3.5(Ø2.2/3.0)	F4.0(Ø3.0/3.6)	F4.5(Ø3.0/3.6/4.1)	F5.0(Ø3.0/4.1/4.6)		
34	2D2230FNS	2D3036FNS	2D3041FNS	2D3046FNS		
40.4	2D2230FNL	2D3036FNL	2D3041FNL	2D3046FNL		
Color	Yellow	Green	Blue	Red		

123 Drill Stopper

The length of drill Stopper indicates the actual length left when drill stop is attached to 123 twist drill

Coloring is applied to each length, so it is easy to figure out the lengths and relocate in KIT

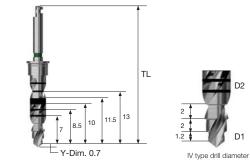




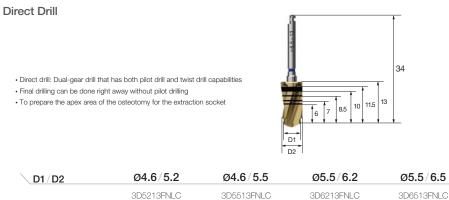
D1/D2/D3 F3.5(Ø2.2/3.0) F4.0(Ø3.0/3.6) F4.5(Ø3.0/3.6/4.1) F5.0(Ø3.0/4.1/4.6) L 🔪 TL 2D223006LC 2D303606LC 2D304106LC 2D3046**06LC** 6.0 30.5 7.0 2D223007LC 2D303607LC 2D304107LC 2D304607LC 31.5 8.5 33 2D223008LC 2D303608LC 2D304108LC 2D304608LC 10.0 34.5 2D223010LC 2D303610LC 2D304110LC 2D304610LC 2D223011LC 2D303611LC 2D3041**11LC** 2D304611LC 11.5 34.5 13.0 36 2D223013LC 2D303613LC 2D3041**13LC** 2D304613LC 2D303615LC 2D3041**15LC** 2D304615LC 15.0 38 2D223015LC Yellow Red Green Blue Color

IV Type Twist Drill

- Drill optimized exclusively for bone preparation to place
- IV type fixture
- Color coded with corresponding fixture sizes
- Designed to be used with drill stopper
- F = Fixture



TL	F4.0 (Ø2.2/3.8)	D1 / D2 F4.5 (Ø2.2 / 4.3)	F5.0 (Ø2.2/4.7)
34	2D2238S	2D2243S	2D2247S
40.4	2D2238L	2D2243L	2D2247L
Color	Green	Blue	Red



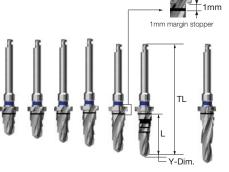
D1/D2	Ø4.6/5.2	Ø4.6/5.5	Ø5.5/6.2
	3D5213FNLC	3D5513FNLC	3D6213FNLC



Taper Drill

030

OSSTEM KIT



L	TL	F3.5	F4.0	F4.5	F5.0
5.0	29.5	TPD3C 3505	TPD3C4005	TPD3C4505	TPD3C5005
6.0	30.5	TPD3C 3506	TPD3C4006	TPD3C4506	TPD3C 5006
7.0	31.5	TPD3C 3507	TPD3C4007	TPD3C4507	TPD3C5007
8.5	33	TPD3C 3508	TPD3C4008	TPD3C4508	TPD3C 5008
10.0	34.5	TPD3C3510	TPD3C4010	TPD3C4510	TPD3C5010
11.5	34.5	TPD3C3511	TPD3C4011	TPD3C4511	TPD3C5011
13.0	36	TPD3C3513	TPD3C4013	TPD3C4513	TPD3C5013
15.0	38	TPD3C3515	TPD3C4015	TPD3C4515	TPD3C5015
Y-Dim.		0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0
Color		Yellow	Green	Blue	Red

Taper Ultra Drill

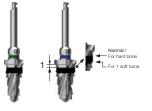
· Taper drill specialized for taper ultra-wide fixture with built- in stopper per diameters or lengths

Stopper drill with 1mm margin for countersink

· Color coding on grip part indicates fixture diameter

• F = Fixture

L	F6.0	F7.0
6	TPD3C6006	TPD3C7006
7	TPD3C6007	TPD3C7007
8.5	TPD3C6008	TPD3C7008
10	TPD3C6010	TPD3C7010
11.5	TPD3C6011	TPD3C7011
13	TPD3C6013	TPD3C7013
Color	Green	Blue



Long Shank Pilot Drill

· Guide drill for the next drill sequence Used to revise the path in the drilled hole



123 Cortical Drill

- Drill used to remove cortical bone at the crest
- · Recommended to drill to the bottom marking line
- Marking line of II type cortical drill is for hard bone
- Bottom marking line of III type cortical drill is for normal bone, and top marking line is for hard bone
- Marking line of IV type cortical drill is for normal bone
- · Coloring on the grip part indicates diameter and main fixture used • F = Fixture

Туре	F3.5	F4.0	F4.5	F5.0
II	02CD 35	02CD 40	02CD45	02CD 50
III	03CD 35	03CD 40	03CD45	03CD 50
IV	-	4CD 40	4CD 45	4CD 50
Color	Yellow	Green	Blue	Red



D1/D2 Ø2.0/2.7 Ø2.0/3.0 Ø3.0/3.8 Ø3.0/4.1

APD270C APD300C APD380C APD410C

Cortical Drill 2 for TSII, SSII SA Drill used to remove cortical bone from hard bone (for II type) Equipped with drills applicable for different fixture diameters Recommended to drill to the bottom marking line F = Fixture F3.5 F4.0 F4.5 F5.0 CD2C35 CD2C45 CD2C45 CD2C45				33	Cortical Drill for Ultra-Wide Drill used to remove cortical bone from hard bone (for ultra-wide) Equipped with drills applicable for different fixture diameters Recommended to drill to the bottom marking line F = Fixture F6.0 F7.0 CD4C60 CD4C70
Dirill used to remove cortical bone from hard bone (for III type) • Dirill used to remove cortical bone from hard bone (for III type) • Equipped with drills applicable for different fixture diameters • Bottom marking line is for normal bone, and top line is for hard bone • Becommended to drill to the bottom marking line • F = Fixture Image: the state of	Herd bons Nome		8	34	Countersink for USIII, USII SA, USIII SA(Wide PS, Wide) • Drill that can expand the hole entrance for US fixture • Specifications for wide PS and wide of USIII, USII SA, and USIII SA • Recommended drilling speed: 300rpm USSCS45W
Taper Cortical Drill for Taper Fixture (TSIII, SSIII, USIII) • Drill used to remove cortical bone from hard bone (used immediately after taper drill)	ĺ	ľ		36	Tapered Fixture Tap for TSIII, USIII, SSIII SA • Tap for tapered fixture (fixture of III type) • Used for extra hard bones and forms the fixture's screw thread shat

- after taper drill)
- · Equipped with drills applicable for different fixture diameters
- Bottom marking line is for fixture insertion less than 8.5mm Top marking line is for fixture insertion more than 10mm
- · Recommended to drill to the bottom marking line
- F = Fixture

OSSTEM KIT

F3.5 F4.0 F4.5 F5.0 TCD4C35 TCD4C40 TCD4C45 TCD4C50



- Recommended to tap to the bottom marking line However, for F5.0, use fixture less than 8.5mm for the bottom line, and more than 10mm for the top line
- F = Fixture

F3.5 F4.0 F4.5 F5.0

OFTS35 OFTS40 OFTS45 OFTS50



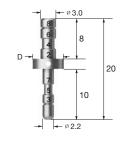
nk for SA, USIII SA(Wide PS, Wide)

30

Parallel Pin

· Used to check the position and orientation of osteotomy in the initial drilling sequence





15 13 11.5 \$ 10 8.5 7

Parallel Pin for 123 Drill

- Parallel pin for 123 twist drill
- · Used to check the position and orientation of osteotomy in the initial drilling sequence • The bottom part is for initial drill, and the top part is for F3.5(ø 2.2/3.0) drill



Depth Gauge A: measure the depth of drilling (7~15mm) · B: measure the height of gingiva after inserting external fixture ADG

Depth Gauge

Used to measure the depth of drilling (7~15mm) and as an open wrench



D -



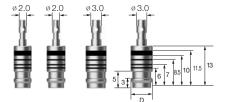


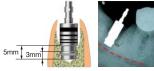
· Checks the width and depth of the inside of extraction socket or failed implant socket

· Checks the depth of drilling after using direct drill as final drill

∖ D Ø5.2 Ø5.5 Ø6.2 Ø6.5

UWFTP52 UWFTP55 UWFTP62 UWFTP65





Minimum installation height needed to insert implant immediately after tooth extraction

Positioning Guide

• To determine space around the implant site · Used by inserting into hole after initial drilling · Packing unit: Packaged by each components and sets

W/L 2.5/21.5 6.0/17.5 11/17.5

APG201 APG202 APG203

Tissue Height Gauge for TS

. Tool to measure the height of gingiva by inserting to the fixture connection to select appropriate healing abutment height for TS system.

GTHGS

Wrench for anti-backlashing procedure

Ratchet Wrench

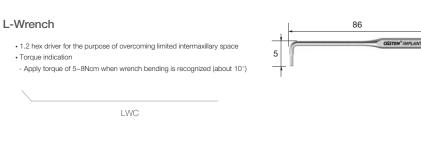
· Please be cautious of damaging the bone or inside of fixture when applying excessive torque

CITQW-1185A



9.5

Ø2.0



Torque Wrench - Spring Type



- · Wrench that can apply consistent torque (10/20/30Ncm) on screw, abutment, etc. · Can recognize the bending of the neck part of torque wrench when set
- torque is applied
- · If force is continuously applied when the neck of torque wrench is bent, excessive torque is applied and there can be a screw fracture issue

TW30

Torque Wrench - Bar Type

· Used to adjust the implant location or tighten abutment, screw, etc.



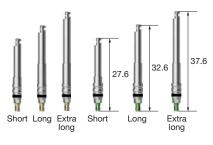
Apply torque after pulling bar to the line indicating torque value to be applied



NoMount Driver for TS

 Driver that can directly attach to fixture when inserting, using hand piece for procedure C = Connection

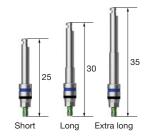
L \ C	Mini	Regular
Short	TSNMDMS	TSNMDRS
Long	TSNMDML	TSNMDRL
Ex.Long	TSNMDME	TSNMDRE



NoMount Driver for SS

· Driver that can directly attach to fixture when inserting, using hand piece for procedure \cdot C = Connection

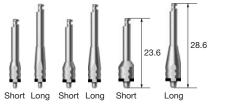
L \ C	Regular/Wide
Short	SSNMDS
Long	SSNMDL
Ex Long	SSNMDE



NoMount Driver for US

 Driver that can directly attach to fixture when inserting, using hand piece for procedure \cdot C = Connection

L\C	Mini	Regular	Wide
Short	USNMD35MS	USNMD41RS	USNMD51WS
Long	USNMD35ML	USNMD41RL	USNMD51WL



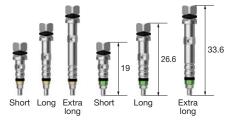
OSSTEM

Ā

NoMount Torque Driver for TS

 Driver that can directly attach to fixture when inserting, using wrench Check the correct and complete fit of the fixture before placement. · Please note that it is impossible to remove when fracture occurs C = Connection

L\C	Mini	Regular
Short	GSNMT32S	GSNMT35S
Long	GSNMT32L	GSNMT35L
Ex. Long	GSNMT32E	GSNMT35E

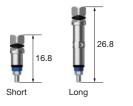


NoMount Torque Driver for SS

· Driver that can directly attach to fixture when inserting, using wrench

· Check the correct and complete fit of the fixture before placement. · Please note that it is impossible to remove when fracture occurs • C = Connection

LC	Regular/Wide
Short	SSNMT39S
Long	SSNMT39L



Fixture Driver for TS

- Directly attached to fixture, used to adjust final depth of insertion using wrench - C = Connection				
L \ C	Mini	Regular		
Short	GSMFDS	GSRFDS		

Fixture Driver for SS

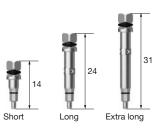
OSSTEM KIT

· Directly attached to fixture, used to adjust final depth of insertion using wrench C = Connection

GSRFDL

GSRFDE

L \ C	Regular/Wide
Short	SSRFDS
Long	SSRFDL
Ex.Long	SSRFDE



Short

Į

long

Short Long Extra

24

Extra

long

Long

Fixture Driver for US

· Directly attached to fixture, used to adjust final depth of insertion using wrench • C = Connection





Torque Extension

• Extends the length of instrument used as connected to wrench by 10mm

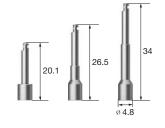
OTE



Simple Mount Driver

· Used to insert fixture with mount using hand piece

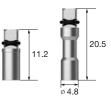
ASMDS
ASMDL
ASMDE



Simple Mount Extension

it is desired to extend the length e manually

L	
Short	ASMES
Long	ASMEL



Simple Open Wrench

· Used to remove simple mount when the initial stability is low or patient has weak bone tissue · Intraoral usability with 30-degree neck angle





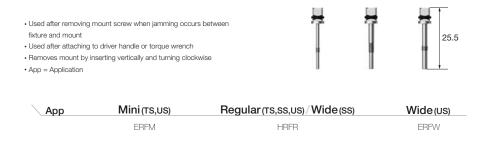
ASOW



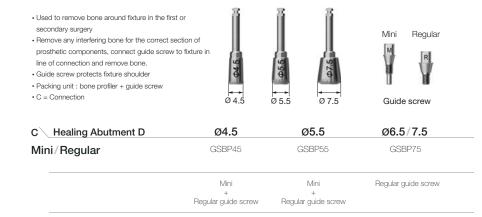
-	
	• Used b
	of simp

Used by attaching to wrench if it of simple mount or apply torque

Removal Tool for Fixture Mount

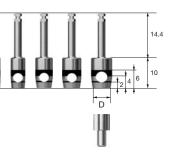


TS Bone Profiler



Tissue Punch

- Tool used for flapless surgery procedure
- Features laser marking at an interval of 2mm and enables measurement of gingiva height
- Packing unit : tissue punch + guide pin
- % Recommended to use tissue punch that has 0.7~1.5mm smaller diameter than healing abutment



D	Ø3.3	Ø3.8	Ø4.3	Ø4.8	Ø5.3
	OSTP33	OSTP38	OSTP43	OSTP48	OSTP53
TO	~ 4.0/4.5	a 4 5 /5 0	~ 5 0	~ ^ ^ ^	~ ^ ^ ^
TS SS	Ø 4.0/4.5	Ø 4.5/5.0 Ø 4.8	Ø 5.0	Ø 6.0 Ø 6.0	Ø 6.0 Ø 6.0
US	Ø 4.0	Ø 5.0	Ø 5.0	Ø 6.0	Ø 6.0

The application of Healing abutment

US Bone Profiler

- Used to remove bone built around cover screw in the second procedure
- Used to compensate for the angle of healing abutment after removing cover screw and
- connecting guide screw to fixture
- Guide screw protects hex of fixture
- Packing unit : bone profiler + guide screw
 P = Platform



D\P	Mini	Regular	Wide	T-type
Ø4.0	ABPM400C	-	-	-
Ø5.0	ABPM500C	ABPR500C	-	-
Ø6.0	-	ABPR600C	ABPW600C	TBPW600C
Ø7.0	-	-	ABPW700C	-

Trephine Drill · Used to collect bone or remove broken or failed fixture 36.4 31 Used to remove septal bone · Available for use as initial drill when inserting ultra fixture 13 15 15 3.7/4.5 4.2/5.0 4.7/5.5 5.2/6.0 5.7/6.5 6.2/7.0 L D (Inner/Outer) Short TD37S TD42S TD47S TD52S TD57S TD62S Long TD37 TD42 TD47 TD52 TD57 TD62

Forms particulate bone with autogenous bone collected ABM

Bone Mill

OSSTEM KIT



12.2

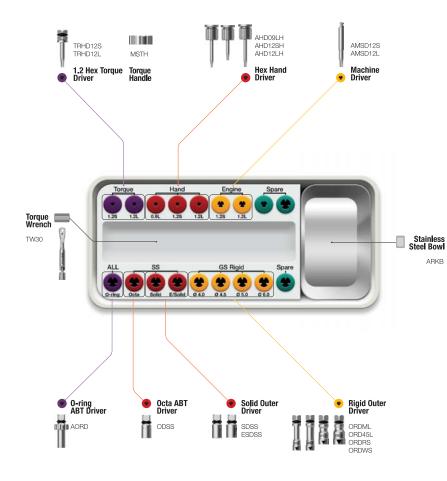
Machine Driver Handle

 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Can turn by hand, connecting all operation tools for engine

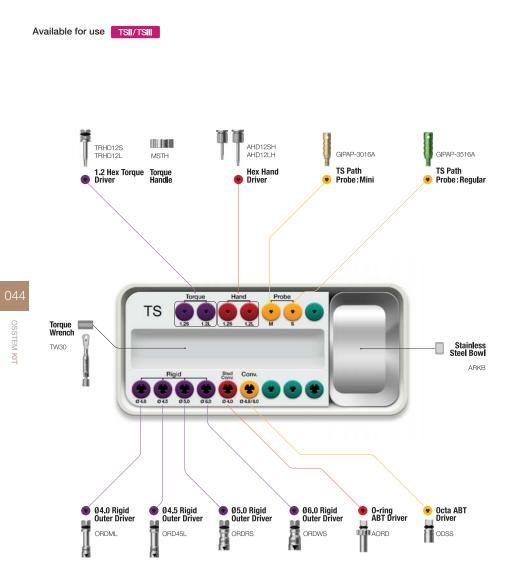
OMDH

Prosthetic KIT (OPK)

Available for use

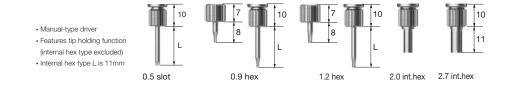


TS Prosthetic KIT (GSPK)



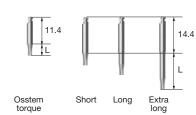
Hand Driver

Prosthetic Instruments



0.5 Slot	0.9 Hex	1.2 Hex	2.0 Int.Hex	2.7 Int.Hex
-	AHD09MSH	AHD12MSH	-	-
ASD 05SH	AHD 09SH	AHD12SH	IHD 20H	HD 27H
-	-	AHD12MH	-	-
ASD 05LH	AHD 09LH	AHD12LH	-	-
-	-	AHD12EH	-	-
	ASD 05SH ASD 05LH	AHD09MSH ASD05SH AHD09SH ASD05LH AHD09LH	AHD09MSH AHD12MSH ASD05SH AHD09SH AHD12SH AHD12MH ASD05LH AHD09LH AHD12LH	AHD09MSH AHD12MSH - ASD05SH AHD09SH AHD12SH IHD20H - AHD12MH - ASD05LH AHD09LH AHD12LH -

Machine Screw Driver



•	1.2hex	Driver	for	hand	piece
	Index of a				

Internal hex type L is 8mm

L Type	0.5 Slot	0.9 Hex	1.2 Hex	2.0 Int.Hex	2.7 Int.Hex
Osstem Torque	5) -	-	OTH12S	-	-
Short (5.6)	AMSD05S	AMSD 09S	AMSD12S	-	-
Long (11.6)	AMSD05L	AMSD09L	AMSD12L	EIHD 20	EIHD27
Ex.Long (17.6)	-	-	AMSD12E	-	-

Application

Driver applicable product (common for hand, machine screw, and torque driver)

Cover screw Healing abutment, (US mini) UCLA, Cemented abutment Esthetic-low abutment screw, screw, Mount screw

Wide esthetic-low Esthetic abutment screw regular, abutment screw standard

Prosthetic Instruments

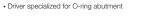
Torque Driver

- Driver for torque wrench (features tip holding function)
- Must conform to recommended torque, and be cautious of fracture if
 excessive torque is applied
- Fracture of torque driver can occur even on low torque if torque is applied after incomplete attachment
- When applying torque, insert vertically pressure (do not tilt)
- If tip is bent or stripped due to use for long period or excessive torque, it must be replaced

L Type	0.5 Slot	0.9 Hex	1.2 Hex	2.0 Int.Hex	2.7 Int.Hex
Ex.Short (8)	-	-	TRHD12MS	-	-
Short (13)	TRSD05S	TRHD 09S	TRHD12S	THD20S	-
Middle (15)	-	-	TRHD12M	-	-
Long (20)	TRSD 05L	TRHD 09L	TRHD12L	TIHD 20L	TIHD 27
Ex.Long (25)	TRSD 05E	-	TRHD12E	-	-

04

O-ring Abutment Driver





18.5 Ø4

6.5

Extra

long

Long

Short

Rigid Outer Driver

Driver specialized for rigid abutment
 Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

L Abutment D	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0	Ø6.0
Short (16.5)	ORDMS	ORD45S	ORDRS	ORDWS
Long (21.5)	ORDML	ORD45L	ORDRL	ORDWL



Solid Abutment Driver

Driver specialized for solid abutment

 Apply torque after inserting groove of solid abutment into the driver part with triangle indication

Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm

Square Round

Regular





Wide

Wide

OSSTEM KIT

Excellent Solid Abutment Driver

- Driver for excellent solid abutment
- · Apply torque after inserting groove of excellent solid abutment into the driver
- part with triangle indication

Regular

Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm





L Type Square

Prosthetic Instruments

Octa Abutment Driver Short Driver for octa abutment 12.5 Recommended tightening torque : 30Ncm Square Round L Type Long Short ODSS ODRS ODSL ODRL Long 18.5 **Osstem Torque Driver** . It is specialized to the Osstem torque so it may not match other low and high speed hand pieces • Use after aligning triangle on the surface of driver and the groove or cross section of abutment Solid and excellent solid drivers are only compatible with ø 4.8 • 1.2 hex type L is 5 1.2 hex Short Long L Type 1.2 Hex Rigid 4.0 Rigid 4.5 Rigid 5.0 Rigid 6.0 Solid Excellent Solid Short (10) OTH12S OTR40S OTR45S OTR50S OTS48S OTE48S OTR60S OTE48L OTR40L OTR45L OTR50L OTR60L OTS48L Long (15)

Path Probe for TS

OSSTEM KIT

· Check path and measure the height of gingiva after inserting TS fixture C = Connection

<u> </u>	Mini	Regular
	GIPAP-3016A	GIPAP-3516A



13.4

19.4

11.4

Connector

Connector that enables square driver for torque to connect to round-type torque wrench

ORC



ø 10 **Driver Handle** · Used by connecting with torque driver TIDHC



OSSTEM KIT

Dalbo Plus Screw Driver

Used to adjust retention capacity of Dalbo plus attachment

ODSD



Finishing Reamer Set

· Tool used to remove lip inside the cast after plastic coping is cast

FRSC



Reamer user guide 1. Reamer tip of the same size as abutment is selected and connected to burn-out cylinde after casting Hold casting body and turn reamer bite with consistent force 3. Ream until cutting stops occurring



Prosthetic Instruments

CAS-KIT (HCRSNK)

USI / III

Available for use TSII/III SSII/II

Bone Carrier Head SNBCH30



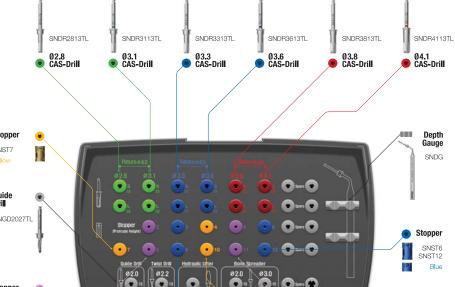
Base component

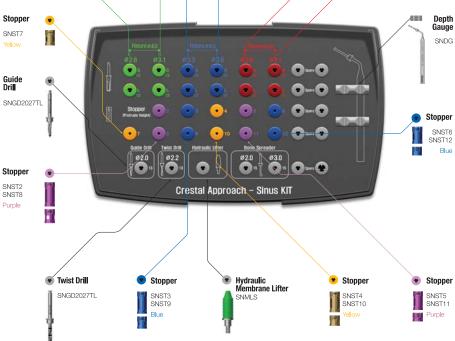
Bone Carrier SNBCS35



No.

the second second





Reamer Bite

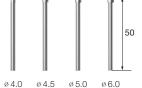
· Cutting edge part that removes lip inside the cast after plastic coping is cast

FRBC

Reamer Tip for Rigid Abutment

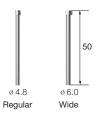
· Guide portion that enters inside when removing lip inside the cast after plastic coping is cast (for rigid abutment)

∖ D Ø4.0 Ø4.5 Ø5.0 Ø6.0 GSRFRT400 GSRFRT450 GSRFRT500 GSRFRT600



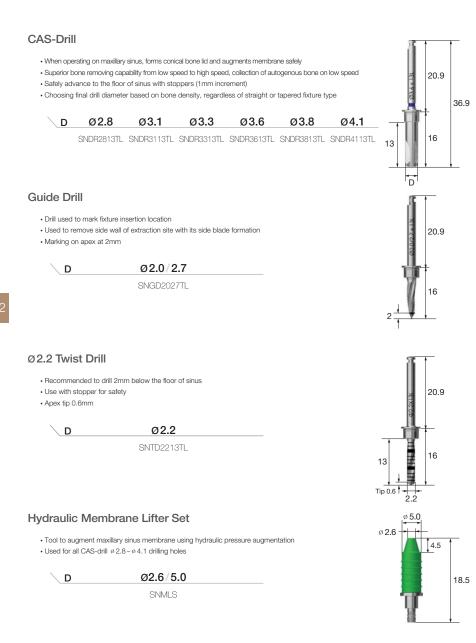
- Reamer Tip for Solid, Excellent Solid Abutment
 - · Guide portion that enters inside when removing lip inside the cast after plastic coping is cast
 - Solid Ø 6.0 type and excellent solid Ø 4.8 type are interchangeable

D	Ø4.8	Ø6.0
Solid	FRTS480	FRTS600
Ex.Solid	FRTE480	FRTE600

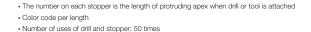


CAS-KIT Surgical Instruments

OSSTEM KIT



Stopper





Bone Carrier

Used to fill bone inside sinus

Fixes head part by tightening the back of body part

Head(SNBCH30 or SNBCH35) can be replaced

SNBCS35

Bone Carrier Head

Bone Condenser

∕ D

Used to fill bone inside sinus

SNBCH30: Use after drilling with CAS-drill Ø 3.1/Ø 3.3

SNBCH35: Use after drilling with CAS-drill Ø 3.6/Ø 3.8/Ø 4.1

 Fill in bone material to the back of marking line on head part, separate gradually with bone condenser to fill inside of sinus completely, and repeat the procedure

D	Ø3.1	Ø3.6
	SNBCH30	SNBCH35

Tool to push in when filling bone material inside sinus

Ø1.1/1.4 SNBC1114

SNBCH30: Uses Ø 1.1 / SNBCH35 : Uses Ø 1.4

			1-01.4
	for the state	Mines	TIA
7	Ø1.7		

OSSTEM KIT

CAS-KIT Surgical Instruments

Hydraulic Membrane Lifter Tube

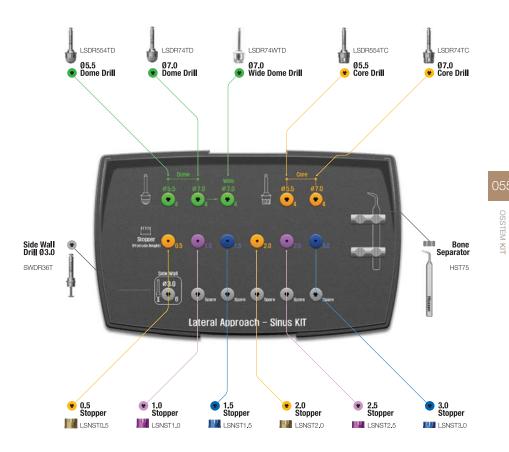
Attach to hydraulic membrane lifter

LAS-KIT (HLRSNK)

• Lateral Approach - Sinus KIT (LAS-KIT) is a surgical tool optimized for lateral approach when operating on maxillary sinus

• Dome drill and core drill, which can safely form lateral window, are included and equipped with diameters of Ø 5.5 and Ø 7.0, depending on the size of window

LAS drill is equipped with stopper(0.5mm increment), which enables adjustment of depth, and can safely form window without perforating membrane



Depth Gauge

 ${\mbox{\cdot}}$ Check the opening of the sinus floor and measure the depth of remaining bone

SNMT

SNDG



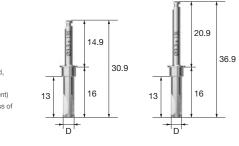
OSSTEM KIT

CAS-KIT Plus (HCRSNKP)

Crestal Approach - Sinus KIT Plus (CAS-KIT plus) is a KIT that includes 6 short types of CAS-drill in addition to CAS-KIT

CAS-Drill

- When operating on maxillary sinus, forms conical bone lid and augments membrane safely
- Superior bone removing capability from low speed to high speed, collection of autogenous bone on low speed
- Safely advance to the floor of sinus with stoppers (1mm increment)
- Final drill diameter selected according to bone density, regardless of straight or tapered fixture type



Hiossen

L D	Ø2.8	Ø3.1	Ø3.3	Ø3.6	Ø3.8	Ø4.1	
Short	SNDR2813TS	SNDR3113TS	SNDR3313TS	SNDR3613TS	SNDR3813TS	SNDR4113TS	
Long	SNDR2813TL	SNDR3113TL	SNDR3313TL	SNDR3613TL	SNDR3813TL	SNDR4113TL	

LAS-KIT Surgical Instruments

Dome Drill

- Forms window while collecting part of autogenous bone
- Improved cutting force due to the combination of macro cutting
- edge and micro cutting edge
- Stopper attachment enables adjustment of depth
- Cutting speed : 1,200~1,500rpm
- * Excessive over drilling damages membrane







Hiossen





- Create bone lid on the lateral window
- · Same cutting edge design as CAS-KIT to enhance the safety of procedure
- Cutting speed : 1,200~1,500rpm
- * Excessive over drilling damages membrane

L\D	Ø5.5	ø7.0
25	LSDR554TC	LSDR74TC

07.0 × 4	18
	7
ø 5.5/ø 7.0	

Stopper

• The number on each stopper is the length of protruding apex when drill or tool is attached

HST75

- Color code per length
- Number of uses of drill and stopper: 50 times

L	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	
		10		22			C
	LSNST0.5	LSNST1.0	LSNST1.5	LSNST2.0	LSNST2.5	LSNST3.0	
Color	Yellow	Purple	Blue	Yellow	Purple	Blue	

Side Wall Drill

OSSTEM KIT

- Expands window after and trims the rough edges around the window
- Requires cutting at the 1mm upper part of the lowest part of drill blade
- Cutting speed : 1,500rpm



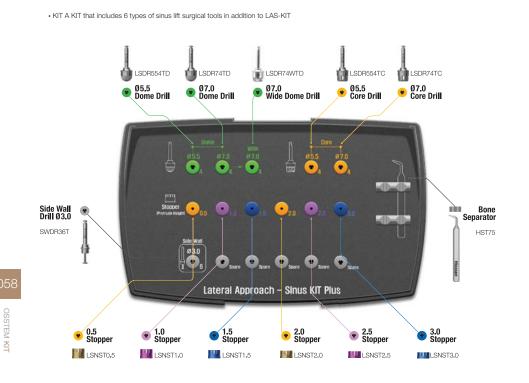
Height of side cutting part (mm)	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	
CAS-KIT stopper (mm)	8.0	9.0	10	11	12	_ {
Side wall drill + CAS-KIT stopper		(B)	10	E.	1	⊣†

* Used for all CAS-KIT stoppers and can adjust depth

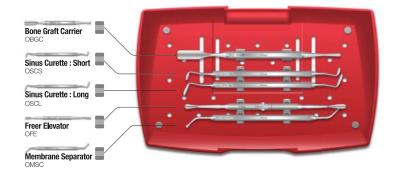


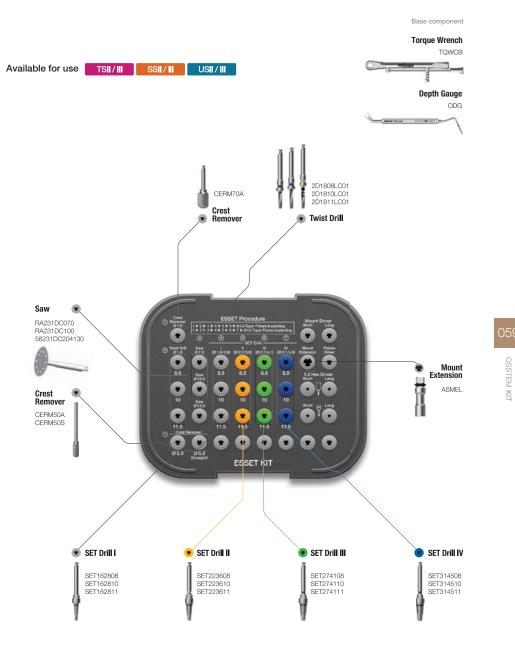
LAS-KIT Plus (HLRSNKP)

ESSET KIT (HESEK)



LAS-KIT Plus Lower Plate



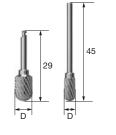


ESSET KIT Surgical Instruments

Crest Remover

- · Removes the narrowed bone width horizontally, and marks the fixture insertion location
- Recommended speed for angled type : 1,200~1,500rpm
- · Recommended speed for straight type : 15,000~30,000rpm

L\D	ø5.0	Ø7.0
29	CERM50A	CERM70A
45	CERM50S	-

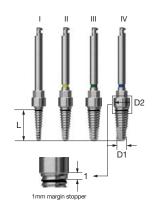


SET Drill

· Gradually expand the bone width · SET drill is sequentially used according to the diameter of fixture $\mathsf{F4.0}: \mathsf{I} \to \mathsf{II} \to \mathsf{III} / \mathsf{F4.5}: \mathsf{I} \to \mathsf{II} \to \mathsf{III} \to \mathsf{IV}$

· Recommended speed : 25~35rpm

L 🔪 Туре	I	II		IV
D1/D2	Ø1.6/2.8	Ø2.2/3.6	Ø2.7/4.1	Ø3.1/4.5
8.5	SET162808	SET 223608	SET274108	SET314508
10	SET162810	SET223610	SET274110	SET314510
11.5	SET162811	SET223611	SET274111	SET314511



Twist Drill

11 36

Saw

• T = Thickness

T 0.3

1100		,200 1,000 pm
L	TL D	Ø
8.5	33	2D180
10	34.5	2D181

Used to split the bone from the crest

Recommended speed : 1,200~1,500rpm

Ø7.0

RA231DC070

Marks fixture insertion location

· Controls depth with built-in stopper · Recommended speed : 1,200~1,500rpm **%1.8** 08LC01 2D1810LC01

 $\mbox{ \cdot}$ Cut vertically and incise the whole part from mesial \rightarrow distal direction

Ø10.0

RA231DC100

Ø13.0

58231DC204130

2D1811LC01

1mm margin stopper TL

D

22

Mount Extension

 Used to apply torque in manual mode in the process of inserting /removing SET drill into alveolar bone

ASMEL



OSSTEM KIT

Torque Wrench · Used to apply torque to SET drill

TQWCB

Depth Gauge

· Used to remove excessive torque by turning hex part of SET drill, using open wrench, in case hand-piece does not move when fused with alveolar bone in the process of removing SET drill

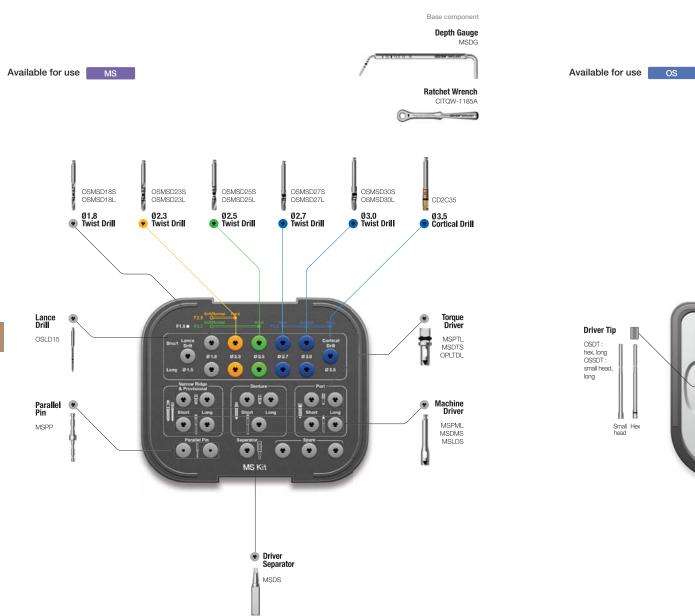
ODG

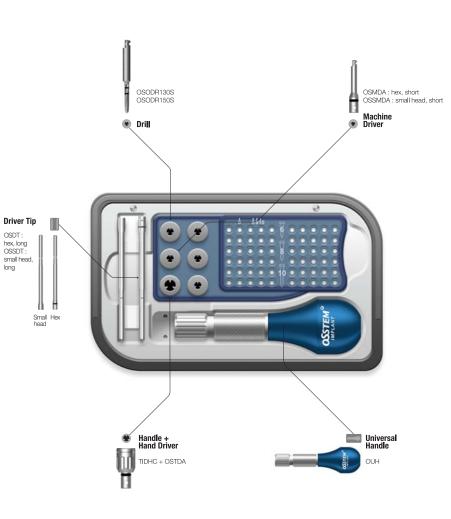


MS KIT (OMSK)

OSSTEM KIT

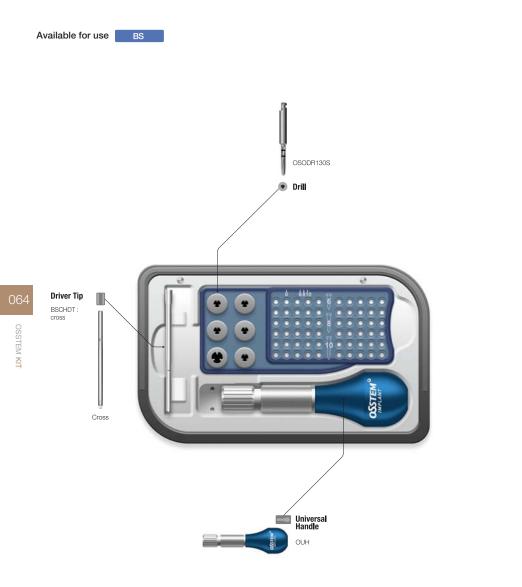
Ortho KIT (OOKS)



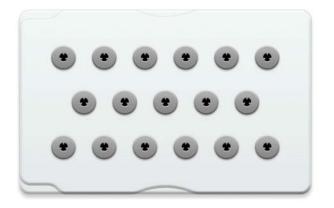


Bone Screw KIT (BSSTKT)

Custom KIT (OCTK)



KIT for disinfecting only part of operation tools or storing extra tools
3 extra types of rubber (large, medium, small) are included for user's preference
Features materials that can be sterilized (132°, 15 minutes)



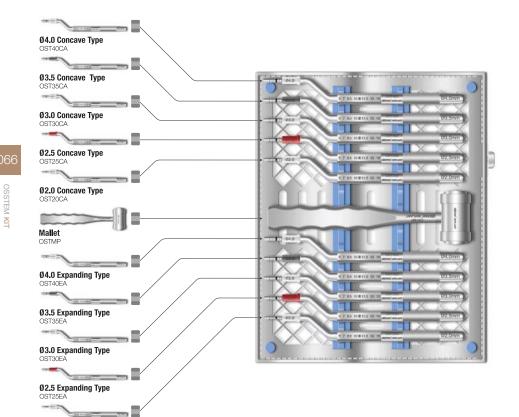
Osteo KIT (OSTK)

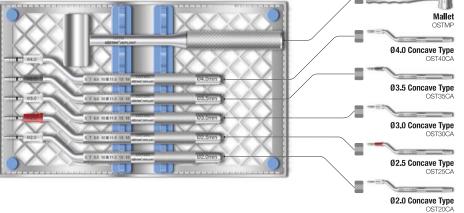
Osteotome KIT (AOST)

- ${\boldsymbol{\cdot}}$ KIT Concave osteotome: KIT used for maxillary sinus floor augmentation to increase
- the amount of alveolar bone that can be used within maxillary molar area vertically
- KIT Expanding osteotome: KIT used to increase initial stability of implant by
 preserving bone and densifying trabecular bone to compensate for bone removal in
 poor bone condition
- Features stopper for adjusting depth of procedure

Ø2.0 Expanding Type OST20EA

- KIT KIT for maxillary sinus floor augmentation to increase the amount of alveolar
- bone that can be used within maxillary molar area vertically
- Only includes concave type
- Features stopper for adjusting depth of procedure





OGSTEM KIT

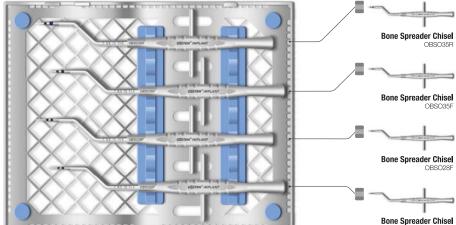
Sinus KIT (ASLK)

- · Various tools used for maxillary sinus membrane elevation and grafting procedure
- Sinus procedure tool for lateral approach
- · Components (5 types)
- Freer elevator : OFE
- Bone graft carrier : OBGC
- Membrane separator (circle type) : OMSC
- Sinus currette-short : OSCS
- Sinus currette-long : OSCL

• KIT used to expand the ridge of narrowed alveolar bone

Bone Spreader KIT (OBSOK)

- Offset type for convenient procedures
- · Components (4 types)
- OBSO22F, OBSO28F, OBSO35F, OBSO35R





OSSTEM KIT

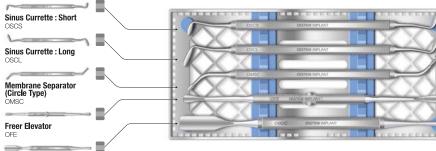
Mallettin Direction for use : refer to the above schematic

 Use for alveolar bone expansion Offset type for easy operation Depth marking corresponding to the implant length.



(Unit : mm)

					(01111-11
Code	Tip length Spec.	7	8.5	10	11.5
OBSO22F	Thickness	1.15	1.3	1.45	1.6
UBSU22F	Width	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2
OBSO28F	Thickness	1.15	1.3	1.45	1.6
	Width	2.65	2.8	2.8	2.8
OBSO35F	Thickness	1.3	1.45	1.6	1.8
	Width	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5
OBSO35R (round type)	Thickness	1.85	2.1	2.3	2.55
	Width	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5

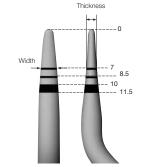


Bone Graft Carrier OBGC

r

-

OSSTEM KIT



Ridge Split KIT- Straight (ORSSK)

Ridge Split KIT- Offset (ORSOK)

Chisel: KIT used to expand the ridge of narrowed alveolar bone

- Blade holder: When it is difficult to incise bone using bur in case of poor bone condition, malletting can be done by attaching #15 blade Components
- Ridge split chisel : ORSS15, ORSS20, ORSS25, ORSS30 - Blade holder : ORSBH

- Chisel: KIT used to expand the ridge of narrowed alveolar bone
- Blade holder: When it is difficult to incise bone using bur in case of poor bone condition, malletting can be done by attaching #15 blade Components
- Ridge split chisel : ORSO15, ORSO20, ORSO25, ORSO30

- Blade holder : ORSBH

Width 4mm

Thickness

0

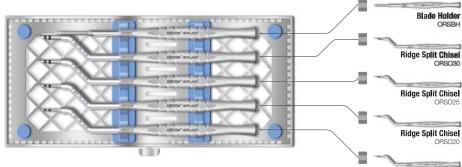
- 7

-- 10

-- 8.5

-- 11.5

ORSO30



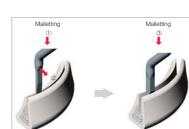


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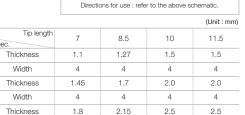
3.0

4

071







2.5

4

3.0

4

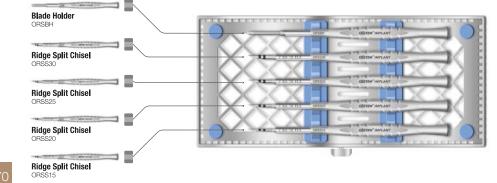
Code	7	8.5	10		
ORSO15	Thickness	1.1	1.27	1.5	
	Width	4	4	4	
ORSO20	Thickness	1.45	1.7	2.0	
	Width	4	4	4	
ORSO25	Thickness	1.8	2.15	2.5	
	Width	4	4	4	

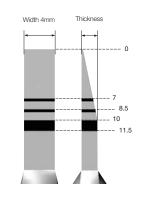
Thickness

Width

2.15

4



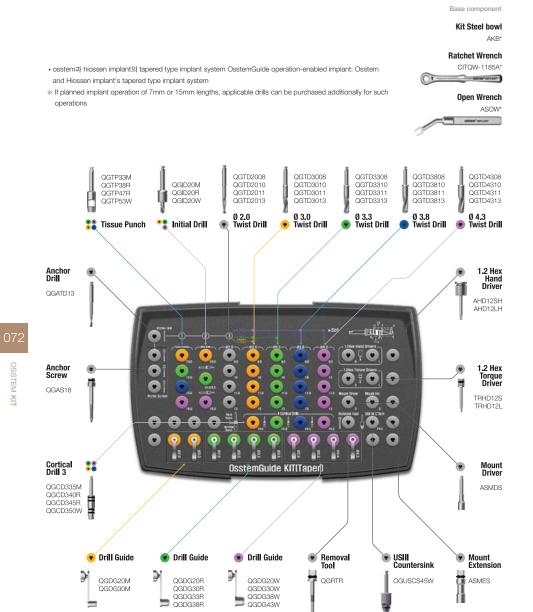


	Malletting	Malletting
	∎ (1)	3
	Ŀ	- 8
	Directions for use : r	efer to the above schematic.
L		(Lipit : mm)

					(Unit : m
Code	Tip length Spec.	7	8.5	10	11.5
ORSS15	Thickness	1.1	1.27	1.5	1.5
UR5515	Width	4	4	4	4
ORSS20	Thickness	1.45	1.7	2.0	2.0
	Width	4	4	4	4
ORSS25	Thickness	1.8	2.15	2.5	2.5
	Width	4	4	4	4
	Thickness	2.15	2.5	3.0	3.0
ORSS30	Width	4	4	4	4

OsstemGuide KIT (OGDK)

OSSTEM KIT



OsstemGuide KIT Components

OsstemGuide Twist Drill



- · Applied design that does not damage gingiva even when side blade of the drill contacts gingiva in flapless operations
- · Conforming to the length of the attachment of surgical guide and drill guide, designed to be 10mm longer compared to regular procedure drills
- · 8.5mm drill is laser marked and can be used in regular procedures that do not use OsstemGuide
- ·* Codes indicated are products included in OsstemGuide KIT



L(TL) <u>D</u>	Ø2.0	Ø3.0	Ø3.3	Ø3.6	Ø3.8	Ø4.1	Ø4.3	Ø4.6	
7.0 (32.4)	QGTD 2007	QGTD 3007	QGTD 3307	QGTD 3607	QGTD 3807	QGTD 4107	QGTD 4307	QGTD 4607	
8.5 (33.9)	QGTD 2008*	QGTD 3008*	QGTD 3308*	QGTD 3608	QGTD3808*	QGTD4108	QGTD 4308*	QGTD4608	
10 (35.4)	QGTD2010*	QGTD3010*	QGTD3310*	QGTD3610	QGTD3810*	QGTD4110	QGTD4310*	QGTD4610	
11.5 (36.9)	QGTD2011*	QGTD3011*	QGTD3311*	QGTD3611	QGTD3811*	QGTD 4111	QGTD4311*	QGTD4611	
13 (38.4)	QGTD2013*	QGTD3013*	QGTD 3313*	QGTD3613	QGTD3813*	QGTD4113	QGTD4313*	QGTD4613	
15 (40.4)	QGTD2015	QGTD3015	QGTD3315	QGTD3615	QGTD3815	QGTD4115	QGTD 4315	QGTD4615	

OsstemGuide KIT Components

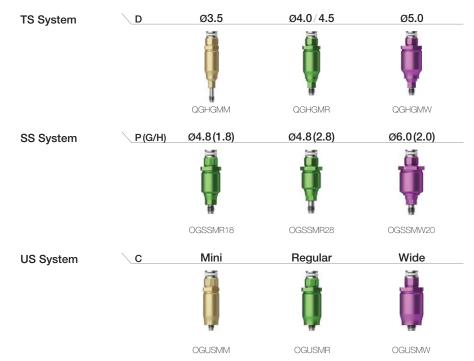
OsstemGuide Mount

- $\ensuremath{\cdot}$ Used to insert implant by attaching to fixture as a mount for OsstemGuide procedures
- ${\boldsymbol{\cdot}}$ Used in accordance with the color of the sleeve attached to surgical guide
- P = Platform

074

OSSTEM KIT

 \cdot C = Connection

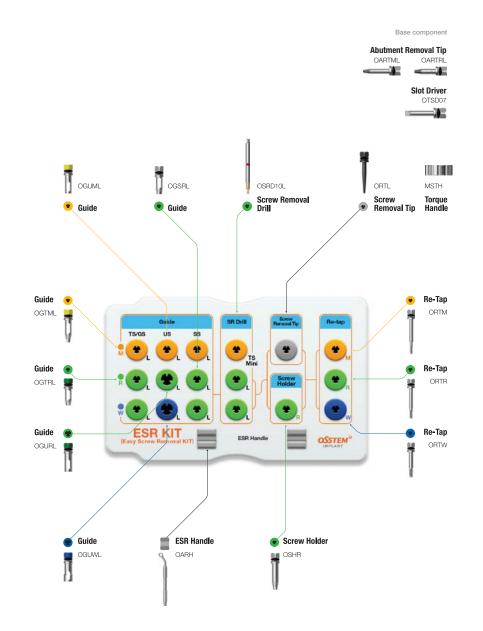


OsstemGuide Cylinder (Pin)

- Component for making dentures for OsstemGuide procedures
- Can make plaster cast by connecting to existing fixture lab analog
- Use in accordance with the color of the sleeve attached to OsstemGuide template



ESR KIT Easy Screw Removal KIT (OESRK)



ESR KIT Surgical Instruments

Reverse Driver

- Tool used to remove fractured screw
- Must be used with a guide that fits the fixture
- When red marking indication of the reverse driver is displayed on the
- guide attached to fixture, use screw holder to remove fractured screw • For hand mode / Rotating direction: Reverse / Number of use: 10 times • F = Fixture

L \ F	Mini	Regular/Wide
Short	-	ORVDRS
Long	ORVDML	ORVDRL



- Used to remove in order to form a hole in the fractured screw
- Must remove cut chip by suction after attaching guide and spraying water on window
- Short and long specifications suitable for different intermaxillary spaces
- Drill until the red band on the grip part cannot be seen
- Recommended speed: 1,200~1,500rpm in reverse
- Number of uses: 5
- Must be used as attached to guide / Do not apply excessive vertical force / Do not immerse in hydrogen peroxide

• F = Fixture

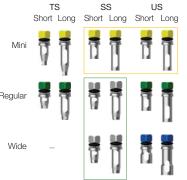
L\F	Mini (GS/TS)	Regular/Wide (GS/TS/SS/US)
Short	OSRD08S	OSRD10S
Long	OSRD08L	OSRD10L

Guide

- Guide used for centering and preventing wobble of reverse driver, screw removal drill (SR drill), and re-tap
- screw removal drill (SR drill), and re-tap

 Short and long used according to intermaxillary spaces
- Short and long used according to intermat
 Used in combination with ESR handle
- F = Fixture

F Type	TS (I	Hex)	SS (Octa)	US	Hex)	
	Short	Long	Short	Long	Short	Long	
Mini	OGTMS	OGTML	OGUMS	OGUML	OGUMS	OGUML	
Regular	OGTRS	OGTRL	OGSRS	OGSRL	OGURS	OGURL	
Wide	-	-	OGSRS	OGSRL	OGUWS	OGUWL	

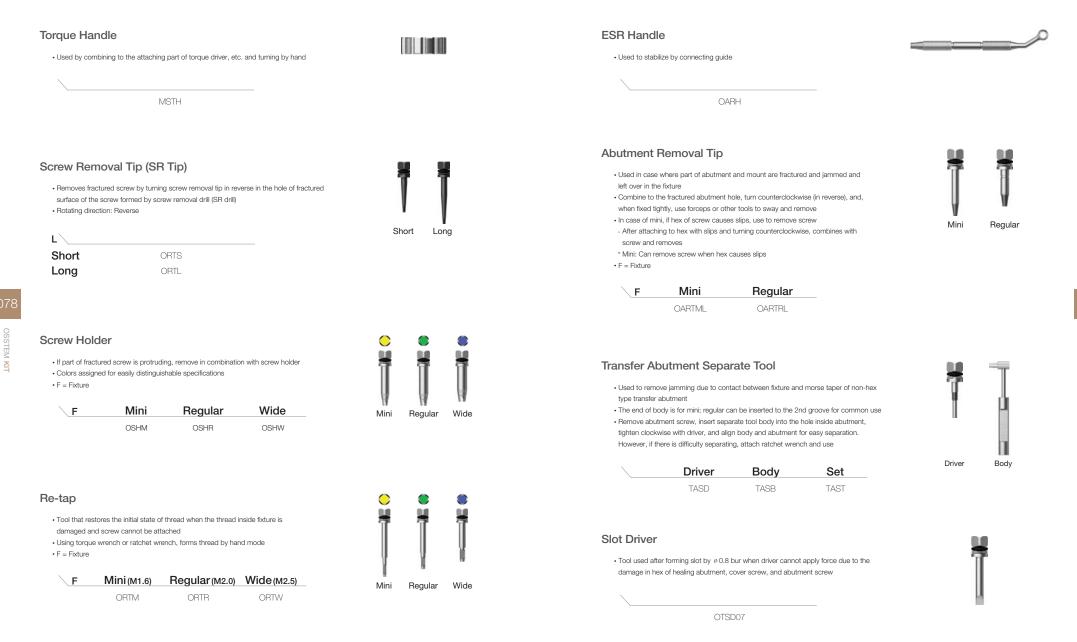


Short

Long

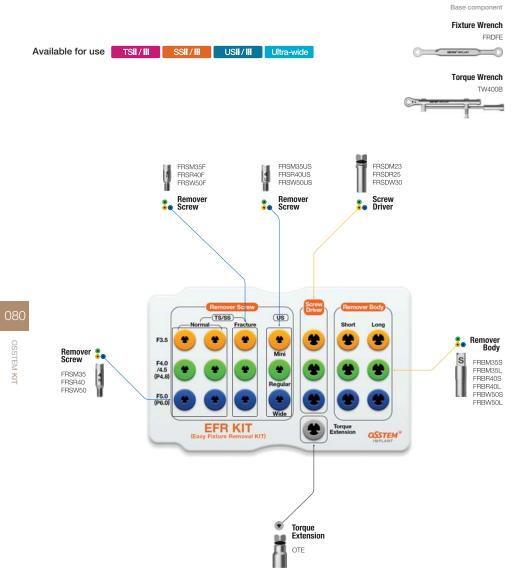
Common use

ESR KIT Surgical Instruments



OSSTEM KIT

EFR KIT Easy Fixture Removal KIT (OSFRK)



EFR KIT Surgical Instruments

Remover Screw

- Serves as supporting structure for connecting and stabilizing to fixture and
- enabling turning remover body in reverse
- Use accordingly with regards to type and diameter of the fixture to be removed
- (TS/SS/US, normal/fracture)
- · Use fracture when removing fractured fixture Recommend tightening torque : 100Ncm
- F = Fixture • P = Platform
- Regular Wide Mini Type F/P Ø3.5/-Ø4.0~4.5/P4.8 Ø5.0/P6.0 FRSW50 **TS/SS** Normal FRSM35 FRSR40 Fracture FRSM35F FRSR40F FRSW50F US FRSM35US FRSR40US FRSW50US

Screw Driver · Driver that can connect/fix remover screw to fixture · Recommend tightening torque : remover screw 100Ncm • F = Fixture

F	Mini	Regular	Wide
	FRSDM23	FRSDR25	FRSDW30

5

Remover Body

 Tool that can be connected to remover screw and apply loosening torque to fixture • Use accordingly with regards to diameter of the fixture to be removed • F = Fixture

F	Mini	Regular	Wide
Short	FRBM35S	FRBR40S	FRBW50S
Long	FRBM35L	FRBR40L	FRBW50L



EFR KIT Surgical Instruments

Torque Extension

Can extend the length (10mm) of screw driver and remover body





OSSTEM" IMPLANT

Torque Wrench

- Used to tighten screw driver and remove fixture using remover body
- Can apply maximum torque of 400Ncm (scale marks on every 100Ncm)
 Apply torque after pulling bar to set the center of the bar to the torque
- value to be applied
- After use, store after washing and sterilizing

Fixture Wrench

Wrench used to remove fixture from remover body after removing fixture



IMPLANT

Osstem Implant Key References

REFERENCE

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No.	Title	Reference / Author
1	Retrospective clinical study of new tapered design implants in maxillary posterior areas	Oral Biology Research. 2013; 37(2):105-111 / Young-Kyun Kim et al.
2	A randomized controlled clinical trial of two types of tapered implants on immediate loading in the posterior maxilla and mandible	Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants. 2013 Nov-Dec;28(6):1602-11 (IF 1.908) / Young-Kyun Kim et al.
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4	A relaxed implant bed: implants placed after two weeks of osteotomy with immediate loading: a one year clinical trial.	J Oral Implantol. 2012 Apr;38(2):155-64 / Bansal J et al.
5	A multicenter prospective study in type IV bone of a single type of implant	Implant Dent. 2012 Aug;21(4);330-34 / Su-Gwan Kim et al.
6	Comparison of clinical outcomes of sinus bone graft with simultaneous implant placement: 4-month and 6-month final prosthetic loading	Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 2011 Feb;111(2):164-9 / Young-Kyun Kim et al.
7	Prospective study of tapered resorbable blasting media surface implant stability in the maxillary posterior area	Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 2012 Feb 28. [Epub ahead of print] / Young-Kyun Kim et al.
8	A 1-year prospective clinical study of soft tissue conditions and marginal bone changes around dental implants after flapless implant surgery	Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 2011 Jan;111(1):41-6 / Byung-Ho Choi et al.
9	Evaluation of peri-implant tissue in nonsubmerged dentallmplants: a multicenter retrospective study	Clin Implant Dent Relat Res. 2011 Dec;13(4):324-9 / Young-Kyun Kim et al.
10	A relaxed implant bed: implants placed after two weeks of osteotomy with immediate loading: a one year clinical trial	J Oral Implantol. 2012 Apr;38(2):155-64 / Bansal J et al.
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12	A short-term clinical study of marginal bone level change around microthreaded and platform-switched implants	J Periodontal Implant Sci. 2011;41:211-217 / Kyoo-Sung Cho et al.
13	A randomized clinical one-year trial comparing two types of nonsubmerged dental implant	Clin. Oral Impl. Res. 2010;21(2):228-36 / Jong-Ho Lee et al.
14	Short-term, multi-center prospective clinical study of short implants measuring less than 7mm	J Kor Dent Sci. 2010;3(1):11-6 / Young-Kyun Kim et al.
15	Evaluation of peri-implant tissue in nonsubmerged dentallmplants: a multicenter retrospective study	Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 2009;108(2):189-95 / Young-Kuun Kim et al.

/ Young-Kyun Kim et al.

16	Evaluation of sinus bone resorption and marginal bone loss after sinus bone grafting and implant placement
17	Evaluation of peri-implant tissue response according to the presence of keratinized mucosa
18	Study on radiographic evaluation of marginal bone loss around osseonintegrated implant after functional loading

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Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 2009;107:e21-8 / Young-Kyun Kim et al.

Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol OralRadiol Endod. 2009;107:e24-8 / Young-Kyun Kim et al.

J Kor Oral Maxillofac Surg. 2009;35:240-7 / Young - Deok, Chee

J Korean Assoc Maxillofac Plast Reconstr Surg. 2009;31(3):237-42 / Sok-Min Ko et al.

Biology

No.	Title	Reference / Author	
1	Experiment study of bone response to hydroxyapatite coating implants: bone-implant contact and removal torque test	Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol. 2012 Jun 29. [Epub ahead of print] / Young-Kyun Kim et al.	085
2	Experimental study about the bony healing of hydroxyapatite coating implants	J Kor Oral Maxillofac Surg. 2011;27(4):295-300 / Young-Kyun Kim et al.	REFERENCE
3	The use of autologous venous blood for maxillary sinus floor augmentation in conjunction with sinus membrane elevation: an experimental study	Clin. Oral Impl. Res. 2010;21:346-9 / Byung-Ho Choi et al.	NCE
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6	A comparative study of two noninvasive techniques to evaluate implant stability: periotest and osstell mentor	Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 2009;107:513-8 / Su-Gwan Kim et al.	
7	Influence of abutment connections and plaque control on the initial healing of prematurely exposed implants: an experimental study in dogs	J Periodontol. 2008;79(6):1070-4 / Byung-Ho Choi et al.	
8	Er:YAG laser irradiated implant surface observation with scanning electron microscopy	J Korean Assoc Maxillofac Plast Reconstr Surg. 2008;30(6):540-5 / Seung-Ki Min et al.	
9	The effect of surface treatment of the cervical area of implant on bone regeneration in mini-pig	J Kor Oral Maxillofac Surg. 2008;34:285-92 / Hong-Ju Park et al.	

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Histologic and histomorphometric evaluation of early and immediately loaded implants in the dog mandible	J Biomed Mater Res A. 2008;86:1122-7 / Su-Gwan Kim et al.
Effects of different depths of gap on healing of surgically created coronal defects around implants in dogs: a pilot study	J Periodontol. 2008;79(2):355-61 / June-Sung Shim et al.
Comparative study of removal effect on artificial plaque from RBM treated implant	J Korean Assoc Maxillofac Plast Reconstr Surg. 2007;29(4):309-20 / Hee-Jyun Oh et al.

Biomechanics

10

11

12

REFERENCE

No.	Title	Reference / Author
1	Evaluation of the correlation between insertion torque and primary stabilityof dental implants using a block bone test	J Periodontal Implant Sci. 2013;43:41-46 / Ki-Tae Koo et al.
2	Self-cutting blades and their influence on primary stability of tapered dental implants in a simulated low-density bone model: a laboratory study	Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 2011;112:573-580 / Young-Jun Lim et al.
3	Variation in the total lengths of abutment/implant assemblies generated with a function of applied tightening torque in external and internal implant-abutment connection	Clin. Oral Impl. Res. 2011;22:834-9 / Ki-Seong Kim et al.
4	Effect of impression coping and implant angulation on the accuracy of implant impressions: an in vitro study	J Adv Prosthodont. 2010;2(4):128-33 / Seung-Geun Ahn et al.
5	Influence of implant diameter and length changes on initial stability	J Kor Acad Prosthodont. 2009;47:335-41 / Chang-Mo Jeong et al.
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7	Heat transfer to the implant-bone interface during preparation of zirconia/alumina complex abutment	Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants. 2009;24(4):679-83 / Yong-Geun Choi et al.
8	Fatigue fracture of different dental Implant system under cyclic loading	J Kor Acad Prosthodont. 2009;47(4):424-34 / In-Ho Cho et al.
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10	The effect of various thread designs on the initial stability of taper implants	J Adv. Prosthodont. 2009;1:19-25 / Young-Jun Lim et al.
11	Influence of tungsten carbide/carbon coating of implant-abutment screw on screw loosening	J Kor Acad Prosthodont. 2008;46(2):137-47 / Chang-Mo Jeong et al.

Osstem Implant product information

Osstem Implant dental fixtures and products are manufactured using medical grade Titanium. Osstern Implant abutments, denture material and surgical tools are only compatible with Osstem fixtures. For more detailed information about each product. please refer to the user manuals, catalogs or please visit our corporate website (www.osstem.com). Please check all product labels for product codes. specifications, manufactured dates and expiration dates.

Sterility

Fixtures, cover screws and healing abutments are cleansed and gamma-sterilized. These products are disposable sterile medical appliances, and must be used in a sterile field. If the package is damaged or has expired, it must not be used. If the product package has been opened but not used, there is a risk of contamination and it is not recommended that the product resterilized and therefore should be discarded.

Storage conditions

Store all products in a dry place at room temperature (30oC). Avoid direct sunlight.

General precautions

Dental implant surgery require proper and formal training and education.

Cautions before dental surgery

Before dental implant surgery, a through patient health history review, oral and radiographic examinations must be completed to determine bone quality and proper treatment planning.

Cautions during dental implant surgery

Osstem Implant System are for single or two stage dental implant procedures. In order to minimize damage to the patient's tissue, special attention to temperature. surgical lesions and eliminating all sources of contamination and infection are needed. Any deviation from the standard surgical protocol increases the risk of failure. When inserting the dental implant, sufficient cooling must be introduced (water or saline) and excessive torque (greater than 55Ncm) can result in dental implant fracture or possibly bone necrosis. Placing dental implants greater than 300 has a very high risk of implant fracture. Direct pressure to the fixture should be avoided right after surgery. Immediate or delayed loading of the fixture must be determined after proper examination of the patient's bone condition and initial stability after placement.

"Mini" implants or implants with a diameter less than 4.0mm are not recommended for the posterior region

Ultra-wide dental implants are recommended for the posterior region but should not be used with angled abutments. If considering an Ultra-wide dental implant, proper radiographic evaluation must be made to determine the bone mass and potential anatomical restrictions. Short dental implants (diameter greater than 5mm and shorter than 7mm) are only used for the posterior region. The clinician must

thoroughly evaluate the patient's condition and recognized the following issues: 1) bone loss due to peri-implantitis. 2) changes to the dental implant condition. 3) proper ossepintegration determined by a x-ray examination. If there is movement or if there is bone loss more than 50%, removing the dental implant should be a course of action. Wide diameter implants should be performed as a two stage surgery. Sufficient healing time must be given before splinting with other implants or when loading. Immediate loading is not recommended.

Take care when placing dental implants with HA coating. The coating is prone to cracking or fracturing under high torque, therefore hard bone should be avoided and be inserted under 35Ncm of force.

CA and SOSI treated dental implants are encased in a solution to prevent the chemically treated surface from reacting with air. After removing the CA or SOSI dental implant, place the implant within 15 minutes to avoid degradation of the surface.

Warning

Improper patient selection and treatment planning may result in dental implant failure or loss of bone. Osstem Implants must not be used for purpose other than prescribed and must not be alter in any shape or form. Implant movement, bone loss, and chronic infections can result in implant failure.

Indications

Osstem Implant Systems are designed to replace a patient's tooth or teeth. They can be placed in both the maxillary and submaxillary alveolar bones and after full osseointegration can be restored prosthetically. Osstem Implant Systems offer both temporary and final prosthesis and can be retained by cement, screw, overdenture or fixed bridge.

Side effects

There are possible side effects after implant surgery (lost of implant stability, damage to dentures). These issues can be due to the lack of bone or poor bone quality, an infection, patient's poor oral hydiene, non compliance with post op procedures. movement of the implant, degradation of surrounding tissue, or improper placement of the dental implant.

Contraindications

grinding)

Batch code

Patients with the following contraindications are not eligible for dental implants: - Patients with blood clotting issues or issues with wound healing.

- Diabetic patients - Patients that smoke or drink excessively

- Patient's with compromised immune systems due disease or chemo and radiation therapy.

- Patients with an oral infection or inflammation (improper oral hygiene or teeth

Patients with an incurable malocclusion/arthropathia and insufficient arch space.

Manufacturer : Osstern Implant Co., Ltd. 203, Geoie-daero, Yeonie-gu, Busan, Korea TEL 82-51-850-2500 FAX 82-51-861-4693

EC REP

DEUTSCHE OSSTEM GmbH. Mergenthalerallee 25 65760 Eschborn, Germany +49-(0)6196-777-550

Storage condition Dry place at room temperature

Rx only For USA only : Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a dentist

2 STERILE R CE Sterilized using irradiation Use by Manufacture 迷 (\mathfrak{A}) MΠ **PG** Do not reuse Date of manufacture Keep away from sunlight REF NON Catalogue number Non-Sterile Keep dry (STERE LOT

Do not resterilize

7!\ Caution, Consult accompanying documents USER MANU

